OCR Oxford Cambridge and RSA		
day June 20XX – I	/lorning/Afternoon	
A Level Biology B (Advan H422/03 Practical skills	cing Biology) in biology	
SAMPLE MARK SCHEME		Duration: 1 hour 30 minutes
MAXIMUM MARK	60	

This document consists of 16 pages

MARKING INSTRUCTIONS

PREPARATION FOR MARKING

SCORIS

- 1. Make sure that you have accessed and completed the relevant training packages for on-screen marking: *scoris assessor Online Training*; *OCR Essential Guide to Marking*.
- 2. Make sure that you have read and understood the mark scheme and the question paper for this unit. These are posted on the RM Cambridge Assessment Support Portal <u>http://www.rm.com/support/ca</u>
- 3. Log-in to scoris and mark the **required number** of practice responses ("scripts") and the **required number** of standardisation responses.

YOU MUST MARK 10 PRACTICE AND 10 STANDARDISATION RESPONSES BEFORE YOU CAN BE APPROVED TO MARK LIVE SCRIPTS.

MARKING

- 1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
- 2. Marks awarded must relate directly to the marking criteria.
- 3. The schedule of dates is very important. It is essential that you meet the scoris 50% and 100% (traditional 50% Batch 1 and 100% Batch 2) deadlines. If you experience problems, you must contact your Team Leader (Supervisor) without delay.
- 4. If you are in any doubt about applying the mark scheme, consult your Team Leader by telephone, email or via the scoris messaging system.

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- 5. Work crossed out:
 - a. where a candidate crosses out an answer and provides an alternative response, the crossed out response is not marked and gains no marks
 - b. if a candidate crosses out an answer to a whole question and makes no second attempt, and if the inclusion of the answer does not cause a rubric infringement, the assessor should attempt to mark the crossed out answer and award marks appropriately.
- 6. Always check the pages (and additional objects if present) at the end of the response in case any answers have been continued there. If the candidate has continued an answer there then add a tick to confirm that the work has been seen.
- 7. There is a NR (No Response) option. Award NR (No Response)
 - if there is nothing written at all in the answer space
 - OR if there is a comment which does not in any way relate to the question (e.g. 'can't do', 'don't know')
 - OR if there is a mark (e.g. a dash, a question mark) which isn't an attempt at the question.

Note: Award 0 marks - for an attempt that earns no credit (including copying out the question).

8. The scoris **comments box** is used by your Team Leader to explain the marking of the practice responses. Please refer to these comments when checking your practice responses. **Do not use the comments box for any other reason.**

If you have any questions or comments for your Team Leader, use the phone, the scoris messaging system, or email.

9. Assistant Examiners will send a brief report on the performance of candidates to their Team Leader (Supervisor) via email by the end of the marking period. The report should contain notes on particular strengths displayed as well as common errors or weaknesses. Constructive criticism of the question paper/mark scheme is also appreciated.

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- 10. For answers marked by levels of response:
 - Read through the whole answer from start to finish.
 - Decide the level that best fits the answer match the quality of the answer to the closest level descriptor.
 - To select a mark within the level, consider the following:
 Higher mark: A good match to main point, including communication statement (in italics), award the higher mark in the level
 Lower mark: Some aspects of level matches but key omissions in main point or communication statement (in italics), award lower mark in the level.

Level of response questions on this paper are 3 and 5(a)(i).

11. Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

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Mark Scheme

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12. Subject-specific Marking Instructions

INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

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Mark Scheme

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1 (a)	Initial rate of reaction Increasing catalase concentration	1	
(b)	Award 1 mark for an advantage of either tissue and 1 mark for a disadvantage of either tissue to a maximum of 2 marks. Advantages of using liver idea of more enzyme per gram OR easier to grind / blend ✓ Advantages of using celery cheaper OR slower activity may give more accurate results ✓ Disadvantages of using liver religious objections depending on animal source OR messy to prepare / AW ✓ Disadvantages of using celery may be out of season OR different parts of the plant have different activity levels ✓	3	In the absence of a justified decision regarding tissue choice award a maximum of 2 marks DO NOT award double marks for statements simply reversed for the other tissue

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(c)	Student gives reasoned argument / justification for final choice ✓ concentration of, hydrogen peroxide / H ₂ O ₂ , (AU) in first column AND volume of water displaced (cm ³) to the right of the IV, with each concentration of hydrogen peroxide recorded in separate row AND all cells surrounded by straight ruled lines ✓ all data for 2AU recorded correctly AND all data for 4AU recorded correctly ✓ both mean values calculated correctly AND recorded to, the same / one more decimal place, than raw data ✓	3	Table should resemble: Concentration of hydrogen peroxide (AU) Volume of water displaced (cm ³) 2 1 2 3 Mean 4 1 2 3 Mean 4 1 1 1 2 3 Mean 0R 0R Initial level of hydrogen peroxide (AU) End level of displaced (cm ³) Mean volume of water displaced (cm ³) Mean volume of water displaced (cm ³) 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
(d) (i)	variance for leg muscle 29.16 AND variance for wing muscle 136.89 ✓	1	Look for answer written outside of the table

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(ii)	<i>t value</i> 3.558 ✓ ✓ ✓	3	 DO NOT ALLOW if negative sign is given If incorrect t value is given, marks can be given for intermediate stages as follows: one mark for modulus calculation 14.5 one mark for denominator calculation prior to square rooting 16.605 AWARD ecf from either / both previous calculations
(iii)	Any 3 from: $t_{critical}$ is 2.101 at 5% probability level \checkmark the (calculated) value is greater than the critical value at the 5% (p = 0.05) significance level \checkmark the (calculated) value is <u>also</u> greater than the critical value at the 1% (p = 0.01) significance level \checkmark (therefore the student can) reject the null hypothesis \checkmark the difference in enzyme activity is not due to random chance \checkmark	3	
(iv)	precision of the leg muscle is greater (than the data for the wing muscle) AND as the SD for the wing muscle is higher than that of the SD for the leg muscle \checkmark	1	ALLOW use comparative use of figures
(v)	(<i>chicken leg muscle</i>) <i>idea that</i> higher catalase activity so more, aerobic respiration / oxidative phosphorylation ✓	1	
	Total	16	

Question		on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(a)	(i)	Any two from: bouts of (violent) shivering slow / shallow breathing pale skin ✓	1	Mark first two answers only
		(ii)	a core (body) temperature of less than 35°C \checkmark	1	
		(iii)	133 √ √	2	DO NOT ALLOW if answer is not a whole number ALLOW 1 mark for correct working 14 / 100 x 950
		(iv)	Analysis processing of data ✓✓ Explanation (up to a maximum of 2 marks) elderly more susceptible to hypothermia ✓ (probably) due to cost of energy bills rising ✓ ref to <u>fuel poverty</u> , resulting in choice between money for food or fuel / AW ✓ less, able to / likely, to move around ✓ AVP ✓	4	Examples of data processing Over 60s increase = (1396 / 633) x 100 = 220.5% increase General increase = (1876 / 950) x 100 = 197.5% increase Difference in % increase = 23.0% % of total admissions from the elderly 2007 950 - 633 = (317 / 950) x 100 = 33.1% 2011 1876 - 1396 = (500 / 1870) x 100 = 26.7% e.g. ref to arthritis

Q	uestic	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	(b)		16% ✓ ✓	2	ALLOW one mark for correct working (0.8 / 5) x 100
			Total	10	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3*	 Level 3 (7–9 marks) Details of apparatus and a method to produce reliable data are provided to include the use of a dilution series to construct a standard curve. Most variables are identified, and the method states how most variables are controlled. There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated. Level 2 (4–6 marks) The apparatus and a method to provide reliable results are provided although some details may be missing. There is an outline of standard curve construction. Some variables are identified and the method states how some variables are controlled. There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is in the most-part relevant and supported by some evidence. Level 1 (1–3 marks) Apparatus and an outline method are suggested to provide some results but information, such as standard curve construction, may be missing. Some variables are omitted. The information is basic and communicated in an unstructured way. The information is supported by limited evidence and the relationship to the evidence may not be clear. 0 marks 	9	 Indicative scientific points could include: Apparatus & method: cuvettes, test tubes apparatus for volume measurement (pipettes, syringes) distilled / deionised water selection of appropriate filter (on colorimeter) reference to zero or blank details of quantitative preparation of dilution series (for salicylic acid) to include volumes and final concentration standard curve construction method of testing urine and obtaining a reading. Variables: (curve) independent variable = dilution dependent variable = colorimeter reading correct units included control variables e.g. filters (colorimeter), volumes, time, temperature. Reliability: reference to quantitative processing of data e.g. calculation of means reference to use of error bars on standard curve. Risk Assessment: potential chemical hazards & control potential chemical hazards & control potential microbial hazards (urine) & control.
	Total	9	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4 (a) (i)	LP plan must only show tissue layers with no cell detail. In addition there should not be any shading or other detail within the plan. 4 distinct layers shown AND drawn to appropriate scale ✓ area of vascular bundle shown AND labelled ✓ three tissues labelled correctly from list ✓ three tissues annotated correctly from list ✓ • cuticle, and visible detail • upper epidermis, and visible detail • palisade mesophyll layer, and visible detail • vascular bundle, and visible detail • xylem tissue, and visible detail • phloem tissue, and visible detail	4	DO NOT ALLOW if cells to be drawn (ONLY areas of tissue to be drawn) DO NOT ALLOW for just labelling tissue annotation (description of visible feature needed) e.g. thin e.g. single layer of cells, absence of chloroplasts e.g. rectangular cells, presence of (many) chloroplasts, wider layer e.g. circular cells, less chloroplasts, thicker layer e.g. stained red, stained green e.g. stained red, angular inner lumen e.g. stained green

Question		ion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	(b)		bar chart drawn with equal width size bars, not touching ✓ X axis labelled as "Crop" AND Y-axis labelled as "Total production / thousand tonnes per hectare" ✓ equidistant vertical scale used so that plot area covers at least 50% of the y axis space ✓ <u>all</u> data plotted accurately ✓	4	ALLOW +/- 1 mm
	(c)	(i) (ii)	6 divisions = 0.6 mm 0.6 x 1000 = 600 μ m \checkmark \checkmark ALLOW value between 10 - 12 cells \checkmark	2	ALLOW one mark for correct working DO NOT ALLOW if whole number not given
		(iii)	Area of field of view = $\pi x r^2$ Correctly calculated density $\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$	3	ALLOW ecf from (c)(i) and (c)(ii) throughout Allow marks for working as follows: one mark for calculating the area of field of view – $3.14 \times (300 \times 300) = 282\ 600 \ \mu m^2$ one mark for correctly calculating the radius – 600 / 2 The possible answers for density based on 10 / 11 / 12 cells depending on the answer to (c)(ii): • 3.5×10^{-5} cells μm^{-2} (based on 10 cells) • 3.9×10^{-5} cells μm^{-2} (based on 11 cells) • 4.2×10^{-5} cells μm^{-2} (based on 12 cells).
			Total	14	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
5 (a) (i)*	 Level 3 (5–6 marks) A broad range of limitations described in detail applying knowledge and understanding of sampling to the context, including the limitations of systematic sampling. There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated. Level 2 (3–4 marks) Some limitations described applying some knowledge and understanding of sampling to the context, including some of the limitations of systematic sampling. There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is in the most-part relevant and supported by some evidence. Level 1 (1–2 marks) An attempt to describe a limitation with partial knowledge and understanding of sampling. The information is basic and communicated in an unstructured way. The information is supported by limited evidence and the relationship to the evidence may not be clear. O marks No response or no response worthy of credit.	6	 NOTE that the question has asked for limitations, not errors Limitations to consider include: systematic sampling not appropriate without a gradient e.g. variation in drainage across the site idea that transects usually run in one direction and it would need to be done in more than one direction to cover the field some species more easily counted/seen some species less easily counted/seen/covered by grass or larger species/species may be small therefore not easily seen similar species wrongly identified experiment not replicated (in the same location) experiment only recorded on one day experiment only carried out at one point in time/season grass/lichen/moss not identified to species level plants counted even if only partially within the quadrat reference to random sampling/bias in area covered.

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Question		n	Answer	Marks	Guidance
		(ii)	Any two from: more objective / less subjective / less of an estimate (of frame or grid quadrat) \checkmark only records what is, hit / touched \checkmark could be less representative (as less area covered) \checkmark may miss plants even though they are abundant \checkmark	2	IGNORE statements referring to accuracy without suitable qualification as outlined in the bullet points
	(b)		Disadvantages (up to a maximum of 2 marks) cost of purchasing appropriate weedkiller \checkmark possible accumulation of chemicals up the food chain \checkmark public perception of use of chemicals \checkmark reference to environmental impact \checkmark contamination of water supplies is leading to removal of pesticides from the market (pushing up feed prices) \checkmark reduces biodiversity, if herbicide is not selective enough \checkmark health & safety implications re: storage and application \checkmark Advantages (up to a maximum of 2 marks) greater yield (of hay / silage) means less food needs to be bought in \checkmark reference to impact of greater grazing \checkmark increases biodiversity, if other species can now survive \checkmark increased milk yield in herd / (<i>idea of</i> greater stocking rate) feed more cows on the same area of grassland \checkmark	3	
			Total	11	